Lead poisoning is associated with physical, cognitive and neurobehavioural impairment in children, and trials have tested many household interventions to prevent lead exposure.

This review assesses the effects of household interventions for preventing or reducing lead exposure in children, as measured by improvements in cognitive and neurobehavioural development, reductions in blood lead levels and reductions in household dust lead levels.

Read the entire review at cochranelibrary.com; home to a large number of systematic reviews that study all of the best available evidence in healthcare generated through research and making it easier to inform decisions about health.